BOLD FUTURES
English MTP Year 5

Year 5	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Topic: Anglo-Saxons Attack	Topic: Rainforest Exploration	Topic: Tudor Life	Topic: Adventure to the	Topic: Adventure to the	Topic: Life is a Journey
	(Saxons)	(Biomes)	(Aldershot in the Tudor Era)	Stars (Space Race- Russia)	Stars (Space Race- Russia)	
Reading Texts	The Nothing to See Here	The Explorer (fiction) with	Incredible Journey (non-	Blackberry Blue (fiction) (3	Orion Lost (fiction) - (6	The Lion, the Witch and the
	Hotel (fiction) (6/7 weeks)	non-fiction included - World Explorer)/picture book (7	fiction) (1 week) Explore (non-fiction) (2	weeks) Robot Girl (fiction) (3 weeks)	weeks)	Wardrobe (fiction) - (6 weeks)
	Hampshire book awards	weeks)	weeks) Oliver/Pinch of Salt	Orion Lost (fiction) - Fluency		
	Class reader: The Infinite	Class reader: The Infinite	(playscript) (2 weeks) Poetry week	project afternoon reading (6 weeks)		
			Class reader: A Boy called Hope	Class reader: A Boy called Hope	Class reader: Brightstorm	Class reader: Brightstorm
Writing text driver	Beowulf - Michael Morpurgo translation	The Vanishing Rainforest and The Explorer	Lizzie and Belle Mysteries: Drama and Danger	Hidden Figures (4 weeks)	Curiosity - Mars Rover (4 weeks)	The Raven (2 weeks)
					Whole School Text	A Different Boy (4 weeks)
Subtexts linked to text driver (extracts, poems, smaller texts, animations, film clips, song lyrics)	Viking video clip Film extracts Examples of online reviews Examples of newspaper articles Examples of letters Song lyrics Beowulf - feminist translation	Youtube clips QR codes linked to deforestation Non-fiction piranha sloths examples Extracts with colons Extracts with semi colons The Grinch Film	Maz Evans author extracts BBC - audio link YouTube clips Adverts for castles online	Eulogy Film clips of Hidden Figures Aladdin film clips Motivational speeches Song lyrics Travel adverts Vlog	NASA informational text/website YouTube clips/interviews with astronauts Research on rovers Song lyrics Robert Burns poetry Astronaut Texts (History link) Clips of the movie	Gothic ghost story extracts Monsters Inc. clips YouTube sound clips Newspaper articles Anthony Lee Harris poem
Purpose and audience Form	Beowulf *To persuade - review *To describe - setting description of Mead hall * To retell - recount of Grendel's experience *To persuade - job advert *To entertain and retell - 1st person narrative, including dialogue (soldier)	The Vanishing Rainforest *To describe - setting description of the rainforest *To persuade - argument to convince the Nabe Explorer *To inform - non- chronological leaflet about sloths The Grinch *To instruct - how to steal Christmas	Lizzie and Belle: Drama and Danger (new text) *To recount - diary entry from the perspective of Lizzie *To inform - letter (GDS - tense change) *To describe - character profile on Ignatius *To inform - Ignatius biography	Hidden Figures *To persuade - formal letter from Mary to the city manager (literacy tree) *To inform - transcript of a podcast *To inform - news article (Preet Chandi)	Curiosity Mars Rover *To describe - setting description *To entertain and describe - poem Whole school text Must include narrative with dialogue	*To describe - setting description with suspense *To describe - Brosnik character description *The Raven *To entertain - sonnet (love poem)



Grammar opportunities	Nouns and noun phrases Verb and adjective choices Sentence structures Formal/ informal language Show not tell Short sentences Prepositions/prepositional phrases Conjunctions for cohesion Rhetorical questions Fronted adverbials (keep working on punctuation) Clauses and punctuation Cohesive conjunctions through sentence and paragraph	Speech (story) Bullet points (instructions) Colons (instructions) Relative pronouns Embedded clauses and appropriate punctuation Relative clauses Dashes Brackets Tag questions Repetition Modal verbs Figurative language Inverted commas Speech punctuation Technical vocabulary	Expanded noun phrases Figurative language Homophones Direct speech Author's style Cohesive devices Synonyms/ Antonyms Descriptive/ figurative language (comparative adjectives, similes etc) Subjunctive mood Modal verbs Imperative verbs Commands	Expanded noun phrases Similes Relative clauses Repetition Suffixes Structure of a text/ paragraphing Third person voice Imperative verbs Bullet points Technical vocabulary Non-fiction layout	Adverbials Time and cause verbs Cohesion Relative Pronouns Prefix and suffix Subordinate clauses Prepositions Formal language	Personficiation Relative pronouns Parenthesis Complex sentence structures Advanced punctuation Cohesion Passive voice Third person voice Indirect speech Direct speech			
	Adverbials Emotive language (for this point in the year - language as a year group is low and needs plugging)	Antonyms Appropriate simile use Colons and semi-colons (detailed lists)							
			KPIs covered			1			
Phase 1	 Identifies the audience for, and purpose of the writing Selects appropriate grammar and vocabulary and understands how such choices can change and enhance meaning In narratives can describe settings, characters and atmosphere proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning Ensures the consistent and correct use of subject/verb agreement Proof-reads for spelling and punctuation Indicates degrees of possibility using adverbs or modal verbs 								
Phase 2	 Uses further organisational and presentational devices to structure texts to guide the reader (head, bullet points, underlining) Links ideas across paragraphs using adverbials for time, place and number or tense choice Uses relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or an omitted pronoun Writes legibly, with increased fluency and speed 								
Phase 3	 Writes legibly, with increased fluency and speed Uses the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause Uses devices to build cohesion within a paragraph Uses brackets, dashes and commas to indicate parenthesis Uses further prefixes and suffixes and understands the guidance for adding them Continues to distinguish between homophones and other words which are often confused (words with silent letters) 								